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#### **DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION**

Interim Final 2/5/99

# RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

### **Current Human Exposures Under Control**

Facility	Name:	Sheppard Air Force Base
Facility	Address:	231 9th Ave, Bldg 1402, TX 76311-3333
Facility	EPA ID #:	TX 3571524161
1.	groundwater, sur	relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, face water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste its (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in ation?
	<u>X</u>	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.
		If no - re-evaluate existing data, or
		if data are not available skip to #6 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.
BACKO	GROUND	

### Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

#### Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

#### Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

#### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

### Current Human Exposures Under Control Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Page 2

2.	Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air media known or reasonably
	suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels"
	(applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines,
	guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs,
	RUs or AOCs)?

Groundwater	Yes	<u>No</u> <u>X</u>	?	-	Rationale / Key	<u>Contaminants</u>	
Air (indoors) <sup>2</sup>		<u>X</u> _					
Surface Soil (	e.g., <2 ft)		<u>X</u>				
Surface Water		<u>X</u>					
Sediment		<u>X</u>					
Subsurf. Soil	(e.g., >2 ft)	<u>X</u>					
Air (outdoors)		<u>X</u>			**************************************		
<u>X</u>	providing or of supporting do exceeded.  If yes (for any "contaminated explanation for unacceptable supporting to the supportion of the su	media media " media or the d	ppropriate tation de continum, citinum, citinum, eitermina and refere	te "leve monstr nue aften ng app tion the	els," and enter "Ylels," and reference rating that these "ler identifying key ropriate "levels" (at the medium consupporting docume the medium consupporting document the medium consumer the medium consupporting document the medium consupporting documen	ng sufficient evels" are not contaminants in or provide an ald pose an entation.	
Rationale and Reference(s):_							

## Footnotes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile

contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

### Current Human Exposures Under Control Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Page 3

3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

### Potential **Human Receptors** (Under Current Conditions)

"Contaminated" Media Groundwater Air (indoors) Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft) Surface Water Sediment Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 ft) Air (outdoors)	N-Parket data	Workers	Day-Care	Construction —— ——	Trespassers	Recreation —— —— ——	1 Food <sup>3</sup>
Instructions for Summary E	xposure Pa	thway Ev	aluation Ta	<u>ble</u> :			
1. Strike-out speci "contaminated") as				ceptors' space	es for Media wl	hich are no	ot
2. enter "yes" or " Receptor combinat			mpleteness	" under each	"Contaminated	l" Media -	- Human
Note: In order to focus the of Media - Human Receptor combinations may not be pradded as necessary.	ombination	s (Pathwa	ys) do not l	nave check sp	oaces ("").	While thes	se
skip to #6 in-place,	o, and enter whether na aminated n	"YE" star tural or m	tus code, af an-made, p	ter explaining eventing a co	I media-recepto g and/or referer omplete exposu y Evaluation W	ncing cond are pathwa	lition(s) y from
				ontaminated" apporting exp	Media - Huma olanation.	n Recepto	r
	vn (for any "IN" status		nated" Med	lia - Human l	Receptor combi	ination) - s	skip to #6
Rationale and Reference(s):							
			···				
				-			
3							

Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

Current Human Exposures Under Control

4	Can the <b>exposures</b> from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be " <b>significant</b> " (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps ever though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?
	If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
	If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."
	If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code  Rationale and Reference(s):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

# Current Human Exposures Under Control Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Page 5

	If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing and referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site- specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
	If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")- continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.
	If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code
D -4:	alored DeCourse()
Kationa	ale and Reference(s):

# Current Human Exposures Under Control Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725) Page 6

Control EI eve	ropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under ent code (CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) date on the EI determination below (and attach appropriate supporting
-	as well as a map of the facility):
X	YE - Yes, "Current Human Exposures Under Control" has been verified. Based on a review of the information contained in this EI Determination, "Current Human Exposures" are expected to be "Under Control" at the <a href="Sheppard AFB, Texas">Sheppard AFB, Texas</a> facility, EPA ID # 3571524161, located at Sheppard AFB, Wichita County, Texas under current and reasonably expected conditions. This determination will be re-evaluated when the Agency/State becomes aware of significant changes at the facility.
	NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."
	IN - More information is needed to make a determination.
Completed by	(signature) Matt Marrs (print) Matt Marrs (title) IRP Program Manager
Supervisor	(signature) Park Burnett (print) Mark McBurnett (title) Chief, Sheppard AFB Environmental Flight (EPA Region or State) EPA Region 6, Texas
Attach suppor at the S	ere References may be found:  a copy of this facility's database printout. Highlight the reports which  the "YE" determination. References are maintained within files located  Sheppard AFB Environmental Installation Restoration Program dedicated  cated at Bldg 1402, Sheppard AFB.
	Control EI ever signature and documentation  X  Completed by  Supervisor  Locations when Attach support at the S

## Contact telephone and e-mail numbers

(name) Matt Marrs	
(phone #) <u>(940) 676-5719</u>	
(e-mail) Matt.Marrs@sheppard.af.mil	

Final Note: The purpose of the Human Exposures EI is to qualitatively screen exposures based on current land and groundwater use. A "YE" determination does not constitute a screening tool that ends the corrective action process. The "YE" determination may be changed at any time as new information becomes available.

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# DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION Interim Final 2/5/99

# RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA750)

## Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control

Facility Name:	Sheppard Air Force Base
Facility Address:	231 9th Ave., Bldg 1402, Sheppard AFB TX 76311-3333
Facility EPA ID #:	TX 3571524161
releases to the Waste Mana	able relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected ne groundwater media, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid gement Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern n considered in this EI determination?
<u>X</u>	_ If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.
	_ If no - re-evaluate existing data, or
	_ if data are not available, skip to #8 and enter"IN" (more information needed) status code.
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### <u>BACKGROUND</u>

## Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

# Definition of "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI

A positive "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that the migration of "contaminated" groundwater has stabilized, and that monitoring will be conducted to confirm that contaminated groundwater remains within the original "area of contaminated groundwater" (for all groundwater "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI pertains ONLY to the physical migration (i.e., further spread) of contaminated ground water and contaminants within groundwater (e.g., non-aqueous phase liquids or NAPLs). Achieving this EI does not substitute for achieving other stabilization or final remedy requirements and expectations associated with sources of contamination and the need to restore, wherever practicable, contaminated groundwater to be suitable for its designated current and future uses.

### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

	<b>ndwater</b> known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately prot (i.e., applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines e, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action, anywhere at, or from, the	,
	If yes - continue after identifying key contaminants, citing appropriate "levels," referencing supporting documentation.	and
	X If no - skip to #8 and enter "YE" status code, after citing appropriate "levels," a referencing supporting documentation to demonstrate that groundwater is not "contaminated."	ind
	If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.	
Rationa	ale and Reference(s):	
	and and reference(s).	

## Footnotes:

<sup>1</sup>"Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriate "levels" (appropriate for the protection of the groundwater resource and its beneficial uses).

	If yes - continue, after presenting or referencing the physical evidence (e.g., groundwater
	sampling/measurement/migration barrier data) and rationale why contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within the (horizontal or vertical) dimensions of the "existing area of groundwater contamination" <sup>2</sup> ).
	If no (contaminated groundwater is observed or expected to migrate beyond the designated locations defining the "existing area of groundwater contamination" <sup>2</sup> ) - skip #8 and enter "NO" status code, after providing an explanation.
	If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.
Rationale and	Reference(s):
<del></del>	
.=	

Reasonable allowances in the proximity of the monitoring locations are permissible to incorporate formal remedy decisions (i.e., including public participation) allowing a limited area for natural attenuation.

If yes - continue after identifying potentially affected surface water bodies.  If no - skip to #7 (and enter a "YE" status code in #8, if #7 = yes) after providing a explanation and/or referencing documentation supporting that groundwater "contamination" does not enter surface water bodies.  If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.  Rationale and Reference(s):		es "contaminated" groundwater discharge into surface water bodies?
explanation and/or referencing documentation supporting that groundwater "contamination" does not enter surface water bodies.  If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.		If yes - continue after identifying potentially affected surface water bodies.
Rationale and Reference(s):		If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.
	Rat	ionale and Reference(s):
		ionale and reviewed(s).
		4-24

•	Is the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water likely to be "insignificant" (i. maximum concentration <sup>3</sup> of each contaminant discharging into surface water is less than 10 times appropriate groundwater "level," and there are no other conditions (e.g., the nature, and number, of discharging contaminants, or environmental setting), which significantly increase the potential for unacceptable impacts to surface water, sediments, or eco-systems at these concentrations)?			
	If yes - skip to #7 (and enter "YE" status code in #8 if #7 = yes), after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration of key contaminants discharged above their groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) provide a statement of professional judgement/explanation (or reference documentation) supporting that the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is not anticipated to have unacceptable impacts to the receiving surface water, sediments, or eco-system.			
	If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water is potentially significant) - continue after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration <sup>3</sup> of <u>each</u> contaminant discharged above its groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) for any contaminants discharging into surface water in concentrations greater than 100 times their appropriate groundwater "levels," the estimated total amount (mass in kg/yr) of each of these contaminants that are being discharged (loaded) into the surface water body (at the time of the determination), and identify if there is evidence that the amount of discharging contaminants is increasing.			
	If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8.  Rationale and Reference(s):			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> As measured in groundwater prior to entry to the groundwater-surface water/sediment interaction (e.g., hyporheic) zone.

# Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA750) Page 6

6.	Can the <b>discharge</b> of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water be shown to be " <b>currently</b> acceptable" (i.e., not cause impacts to surface water, sediments or eco-systems that should not be allowed to continue until a final remedy decision can be made and implemented <sup>4</sup> )?			
	If yes - continue after either: 1) identifying the Final Remedy decision incorporating these conditions, or other site-specific criteria (developed for the protection of the site's surface water, sediments, and eco-systems), and referencing supporting documentation demonstrating that these criteria are not exceeded by the discharging groundwater; OR 2) providing or referencing an interim-assessment, appropriate to the potential for impact, that shows the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is (if the opinion of a trained specialists, including ecologist) adequately protective of receiving surface water, sediments, and eco-systems, until such time when a full assessment and final remedy decision can be made. Factors which should be considered in the interimassessment (where appropriate to help identify the impact associated with discharging groundwater) include: surface water body size, flow, use/classification/habitats and contaminant loading limits, other sources of surface water/sediment contamination, surface water and sediment sample results and comparisons to available and appropriate surface water and sediment "levels," as well as any other factors, such as effects on ecological receptors (e.g., via bio-assays/benthic surveys or site-specific ecological Risk Assessments), that the overseeing regulatory agency would deem appropriate for making the EI determination.			
	If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater can not be shown to be "currently acceptable") - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after documenting the currently unacceptable impacts to the surface water body, sediments, and/or eco-systems.			
	If unknown - skip to 8 and enter "IN" status code.			
	Rationale and Reference(s):			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Note, because areas of inflowing groundwater can be critical habitats (e.g., nurseries or thermal refugia) for many species, appropriate specialist (e.g., ecologist) should be included in management decisions that could eliminate these areas by significantly altering or reversing groundwater flow pathways near surface water bodies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The understanding of the impacts of contaminated groundwater discharges into surface water bodies is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration to be reasonably certain that discharges are not causing currently unacceptable impacts to the surface waters, sediments or eco-systems.

7.	Will groundwater monitoring / measurement data (and surface water/sediment/ecological data, as necessary) be collected in the future to verify that contaminated groundwater has remained within the horizontal (or vertical, as necessary) dimensions of the "existing area of contaminated groundwater?"				
	sampling/measurement event which will be tested in the fu	ing or citing documentation for planned activities or future s. Specifically identify the well/measurement locations ture to verify the expectation (identified in #3) that will not be migrating horizontally (or vertically, as necessary) groundwater contamination."			
	If no - enter "NO" status cod	le in #8.			
	If unknown - enter "IN" statu	as code in #8.			
	Rationale and Reference(s):	Rationale and Reference(s):			
		ed Groundwater Under Control or (EI) RCRIS code (CA750)			
8.	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control EI (event code CA750), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility).				
	Control" has been verification of this EI determination of Contamination o	of Contaminated Groundwater Under led. Based on a review of the information ermination, it has been determined that the lated Groundwater" is "Under Control" at least facility, EPA ID # 3571524161, B. Wichita County, Texas. Specifically, lates that the migration of "contaminated" ontrol, and that monitoring will be lat contaminated groundwater remains a of contaminated groundwater" This e-evaluated when the Agency becomes larges at the facility.			
or ex	NO - Unacceptable mi	gration of contaminated groundwater is observed			
	IN - More information	is needed to make a determination.			

Completed by	(signature) Matt Marrs (print) Matt Marrs (title) Sheppard AFB Installation Program Manager	Date 28 Aug 2003					
Supervisor	(signature) Mark Mr. Burnett (print) Mark McBurnett (title) Chief, Sheppard AFB Environmental Flight (EPA Region or State) Region 6, Texas	Date 28 Aug 2003					
Locations where References may be found:							
Attach a copy of this facility's database printout. Highlight the reports which support the "YE" determination References are located at the Sheppard AFB Environmental Flight's Installation Restoration Program dedicated files. These files are kept at Bldg 1402, Sheppard AFB, Texas.							
Contact telephone and e-mail numbers							
	Matt Marrs						
·-	(1) Mott Mars (2) harmand of sail						
(e-mai	l) Matt.Marrs@sheppard.af.mil						

Final Note: The purpose of the Migration of Contaminated Groundwater EI is to verify that the groundwater plume is stable. A "YE" determination does not constitute a screening tool to end the corrective action process. The "YE" determination may be changed at any time as new information becomes available.